19

1 CLAIMS

2

3 1. A body protecting device for wearing by a user

4 comprising an array of energy absorbing cells,

5 wherein each cell comprises a tube,

and wherein substantially each tube has a side

7 wall which is near or adjacent to the side wall of

8 at least another tube,

9 and wherein substantially each tube is

10 configured such that the orientation of the tube is

11 substantially maintained when a load is applied

12 parallel to the axis of the tube.

13

14 2. A body protecting device as claimed in Claim 1,

15 wherein the tube has a cylindrical or conical

16 structure.

17

18 3. A body protecting device as claimed in Claim 1

or 2, wherein the body protecting device comprises a

20 safety helmet.

21

22 4. A body protecting device as claimed in any

23 preceding claim, wherein substantially each tube has

24 a side wall which abuts the side wall of at least

another tube.

26

27 5. A body protecting device as claimed in any

28 preceding claim, wherein substantially each tube has

29 a side wall which is connected to the side wall of

30 at least another tube.

31

20

A body protecting device as claimed in Claim 5, 1 6. 2 wherein substantially each tube has a side wall which is connected to the side wall of at least 3 4 another tube by an adhesive. 5 6 7. A body protecting device as claimed in Claim 5 7 or 6, wherein substantially each tube has a side wall which is connected to the side wall of at least 8 another tube substantially along the length of the 9 10 tube. 11 A body protecting device as claimed in Claim 5, 12 wherein substantially each tube has a side wall 13 which is welded or fused to the side wall of at 14 least another tube. 15 16 A body protecting device as claimed in Claim 8, 17 wherein one or more tubes are formed from an inner 18 core comprising a first material and an outer core 19 comprising a second material. 20 21 A body protecting device as claimed in Claim 9, 22 23 wherein the second material has a lower melting temperature than the first material. 24 25 A body protecting device as claimed in any 26 27 preceding claim, wherein substantially each tube is near or adjacent to at least three other tubes. 28

29

30 12. A body protecting device as claimed in any

31 preceding claim, wherein substantially each tube is

32 near or adjacent to six other tubes.

21

2 13. A body protecting device as claimed in any

3 preceding claim, wherein each tube has a diameter of

4 between 2 and 8 mm.

5

1

6 14. A body protecting device as claimed in any

7 preceding claim, wherein each tube has a diameter of

8 about 6 mm.

. 9

10 15. A body protecting device as claimed in any

11 preceding claim, wherein the thickness of the side

wall of each tube is less than 0.5 mm.

13

14 16. A body protecting device as claimed in any

15 preceding claim, wherein the thickness of the side

wall of each tube is between 0.1 and 0.3 mm.

17

18 17. A body protecting device as claimed in any

19 preceding claim, wherein the length of each tube is

20 less than 50 mm.

21

22 18. A body protecting device as claimed in any

23 preceding claim, wherein the length of each tube is

24 between 30 and 40 mm.

25

26 19. A body protecting device as claimed in any

27 preceding claim, wherein the array of energy

absorbing cells is provided as an integral material.

29

ŧ,

30 20. A liner for a body protecting device for

31 wearing by a user, the liner comprising:

22

a first material having an array of energy 1 2 absorbing cells, wherein each cell comprises a tube, and wherein substantially each tube has a side wall 3 which is near or adjacent to the side wall of at 4 least another tube, and wherein substantially each 5 6 tube is configured such that the orientation of the 7 tube is substantially maintained when a load is 8 applied parallel to the axis of the tube. 9 10 A liner as claimed in Claim 20, wherein the 21. 11 body protecting device comprises a safety helmet. 12 13 According to a third aspect of the present 22. invention, there is provided a body protecting 14 15 device comprising: 16 a first material bonded to a second material 17 · using an adhesive, wherein the adhesive has a melt 18 temperature which is lower than the melt temperature 19 of the first and second material. 20 21 23. The body protecting device of Claim 22, wherein 22 the first and second materials are in a softened 23 state at the melt temperature of the adhesive. 24 25 24. The body protecting device of Claim 22 or 23, 26 wherein the first material is one of a polycarbonate, polypropylene, polyetherimide, 27 28 polyethersulphone or polyphenylsulphone material. 29 30 The body protecting device of any of Claims 22

to 24, wherein the second material is a plastics

31 32

material.

23

1

2 26. The body protecting device of Claim 25, wherein

3 the second material is a fibre reinforced plastics

4 material.

5

13

6 27. The body protecting device of any of Claims 22

7 to 26, wherein the adhesive is a thermoplastic.

8

9 28. The body protecting device of Claim 27, wherein

10 the adhesive is a polyester based material.

11

12 29. The body protecting device of any of Claims 22

13 to 28, wherein the melt temperature of the adhesive

14 is less than 180°C.

15

16 30. The body protecting device of Claim 29, wherein

17 the melt temperature of the adhesive is between

18 120°C and 140°C.

19

20 31. The body protecting device of Claim 30, wherein

21 the body protecting device is heated during forming

22 to between 155°C and 160°C.

23

24 32. The body protecting device of any of Claims 22

25 to 31, further comprising a third material, wherein

26 the first material interposes the second and third

27 materials, and wherein the first material is bonded

28 to the third material using the adhesive.

29

ť

30 33. The body protecting device of any of Claims 22

31 to 32, wherein the first material has an array of

32 energy absorbing cells, each cell comprising a tube.

24

1

2 34. A method of forming a body protecting device

3 comprising:

4 bonding a first material to a second material

5 using an adhesive, wherein the adhesive has a melt

6 temperature which is lower than the melt temperature

7 of the first and second material.

8

9 35. The method of Claim 34, including selecting

10 first and second materials which are in a softened

11 state at the melt temperature of the first material.

12

13 36. The method of Claim 34 or 35, including heating

14 the body protecting device during forming to between

15 155°C and 160°C.

16

17 37. The method of any of Claims 34 to 36, including

18 bonding the first material to a third material using

19 the adhesive.

20

21 38. The method of any of Claims 34 to 37, wherein

22 the first material has an array of energy absorbing

23 cells, each cell comprising a tube.

24